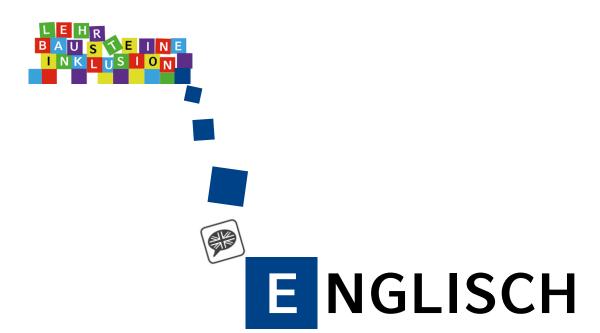


INKLUSIONSDIDAKTISCHE LEHRBAUSTEINE - !DL

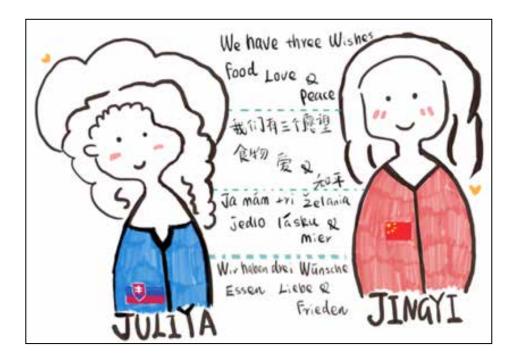




Entwicklungsbereich	Mehrsprachigkeit einbeziehen
Titel/Thema	Gesamtmaterial
Verfasser(innen)	Jingyi Chen
Erstellungsdatum	Juli 2021



Internal differentiation and inclusive learning in the EFL classroom



Title of the teaching unit: On the Global Peace Path

Area of support: Students with migrant backgrounds who come to Germany and study English as a foreign language

Preliminary considerations: This lesson plan addresses the educational needs of students from migration-background communities, but it benefits all learners since it emphasizes linguistic diversity. It aims to eradicate language stigma in the classroom and improve participation and literacy engagement of students with migrant backgrounds.

Students with migrant backgrounds often belong to the subset of marginalized groups. Marginalized groups experience "acute and persistent disadvantages rooted in underlying social inequalities" (UNESCO 2009b, p.1). For migration-background communities, there are three potential sources of educational disadvantage: home-school language switch; low socio-economic status; social discrimination (Cummins 2015, p.97-98). In the EFL classroom, students with migrant backgrounds learn English through a second language, which presents an additional challenge.

To respond to the needs of students with migrant backgrounds, an effective learning environment should be built in a differentiated classroom. Every student should feel safe and welcomed. They support each other and collaborate with teachers for success.

Age group: 4th or 5th grade; 10-11 years old



Stories:

Karen Katz: Can you say peace?

The picture book takes the reader on a journey around the world to meet different children and learn the many ways to say peace.

Irena Kobald & Freya Blackwood: My Two Blankets

A Sudanese girl named Cartwheel immigrated to a new country with her aunty. She does not speak the language, and everything is strange for her. She finds warmth and comfort in her 'old blanket', which is made out of her memories of home. After she made friends with a local girl who taught her the new language, she starts weaving her 'new blanket', which eventually becomes warm and comfortable like her old one.

References:

Kath, Karen (2006). Can you say peace? Henry Holt and Company. Kobald, Irina; Blackwood, Freya (2014). My Two Blankets. Houghton Mifflin Harcourt.

Learning objectives:

- Students understand that the world is linquistically diverse, and every language should be respected.
- Students develop empathy for immigrants and value diversity.
- Students collaborate with each other and make contributions toward completing tasks.

Students know some feeling vocabulary and are able to express their own feelings.



Lesson plan

Lesson	Content	Media
1	 Introduce International Day of Peace (Sep. 21th) Ask students: How do you say peace in your mother tongue? Pair work: Match the words with the countries. (See worksheet one) Pair work: Listen to the audio/watch the video (see the link)/or storytelling by the teacher and check the answers. Invite students to read the picture book 'Can you say peace?' aloud. Ask students how they feel about speaking a new language. Ask students what children from different countries have in common. Project: Global Peace Path Group work: Students collaboratively write poems on the topic of 	Worksheet 1 YouTube Video: https://www.youtube. com/watch?v= 7vi6oKbZeao
	Preparatory steps: Tell students that they are going to collaboratively write poems on the topic of peace. Show them the examples, so they know what a poem looks like and that a poem can be simple or more complex. Don't emphasize rhyming words to keep the task manageable. (See the example) Brainstorming: Ask students which words come to their mind when they think of peace and war; the teacher collects the words on the board. (e.g.: trust; harmony; tears; fears; pain; sorrow; joy; peaceful; happiness; relax; life; bright; sunshine etc.) Ask students what a peaceful day looks like and encourage them to describe a scenario. The teacher may invite students to complete the following sentences. e.g.: Peace is when Peace brings us War brings us Peace means War means	Examples of poems
2	 Project: Global Peace Path 1. Review what students brainstormed in the previous lesson. 2. Group students: 2 or 3 students per group 3. Tell students the requirements: At least 3-5 lines (encourage students to write as many lines as possible) At least two languages should be used, e.g. English and German or English and another language the students speak. The topic is peace. When students write their pomes, the teacher walks around the classroom and provides support. 4. When the students have finished their poems, the teacher proofreads them. Ask students to write down their poems with multi-color markers and cut them out of the white paper. Then attach their poems to the blanket. (See sample) 	



Lesson	Content	Media
3	 Pre-reading: Intro: background information; illustrator's website (https://www.freyablackwood.com.au) Show students the cover page of the picture book 'My Two Blankets' and ask them to predict the story. Guide students to find out all the details like the paper umbrella the girl on the left is holding and think about what's the relation between it and the real umbrella the other girl is holding. (The girl holding the real umbrella uses the paper umbrella to teach the girl in red how to say 'umbrella' in her language.) Show students the first two pages and ask guiding questions. (6Ws) 	Picture book
4	 Group Work: Play the video and ask students to find out the words which describe how Cartwheel feels and divide them into the positive feelings and the negative feelings. (feel strange; feel alone; feel like I wasn't me anymore; feel safe; was scared; felt warm; glad; feel sad; feel like me again; felt silly) (see worksheet 3) Think – Pair – Share: What does "feel like me" mean? Ask students to describe when they feel like themselves and when they don't. For example, when they are shopping and try on some clothes, sometimes they feel like "it is so me". Creative Writing: Student A is Cartwheel or Handstand, who is a Sudanese boy who also came to the country to be safe and who also does not know how to speak the language. Student B is the other girl or boy: Like the other girl in the picture book, there is also a local boy who is willing to make friends with Cartwheel or Handstand. 	YouTube Video: https://www.youtube. com/watch?v= DdEG3s8s9Yw Worksheet 2 Worksheet 3



Lesson	Content	Media
	Task 1: They write each other a letter or a thank-you note. Task 2: They can share one piece of paper and 'send each other SMS messages', that is, taking turns to write down a few sentences and create an ongoing conversation. The teacher can walk around the classroom and join the groups. Listen and observe for a while in every group and provide support when needed. (see worksheet 4)	
5-6	 Make our 'new blankets'! Put students into groups and give them paper and multi-color markers. From their mother tongue (if not German), ask students to choose at least 10 words that make them feel warm and safe and write them down. From German, ask students to choose at least 10 words they like, or they are familiar with. From English, ask students to write down at least 10 words or phrases they have learned from the picture books or in the previous classes. They write down all the words on paper and cut them off. Then they should attach all these words to their blankets. They can decide how they 'weave' their new blankets with these words. (see sample) 	Blanket Scissor Multi-color markers Blank paper Double adhesive tape

Note: Depending on the class and how the activities are conducted, the Global Peace Path project and the creative writing might take more time (e.g. another 2-3 lessons).

References:

Cummins, Jim: Inclusion and language learning: Pedagogical principles for integrating students from marginalized groups in the mainstream classroom. Inklusion im Englischunterricht, 2015, p. 95-116.

Tomlinson, Carol Ann. How to differentiate instruction in mixed-ability classrooms. ASCD, Virginia USA, 2001.

UNESCO, Tenth meeting of the Working Group on Education for All (EFA): Concept paper on marginalization. 2009b, December, p.9-11 (as cited in Cummins, 2015, p. 95).

Principles of this lesson

- Flexible grouping: In a differentiated classroom, the teacher should use various forms of grouping. The teacher should give "a blend of whole-class, group, and individual instruction." (Tomlinson 2001, p. 5) Therefore, students have the chance to experience different working groups, talk to each other and really know each other. Hence a sense of community can be built gradually, especially for students who suffer from social discrimination or racism.
- Look for positives and civic engagement: The collaborative poem-writing-task and blanket-making-task are designed to draw on the strengths of multilingual students. Teachers should look for their positives, affirm them and guide other students to do so.
- **Identity affirmation:** Encourage students to use their L1s and compare their L1 with German or English to develop language awareness.

 When the students have completed their tasks, their poems and blankets should be displayed in public.
- **Scaffolding:** Always show students examples in order to make sure they understand the instruction. Allow students with migrant backgrounds to use bilingual dictionaries or e-resources (if they have access to them) to construct meaning.



Material:

1. Worksheet 1



How do they say 'peace' in their languages? Please guess and match the following 'peace' words with the countries.

- 1) Peace
- 2) He Ping
- 3) Mir
- 4) Heiwa
- 5) Kurtuku
- 6) Shanti
- 7) Paz
- 8) Paix
- 9) Sohl
- 10) Goom-jigi
- 11) Mojjsa Kamana



2. Worksheet 2

How does Cartwheel feel? Are her feelings positive or negative?		
Negative		
feel strange 		

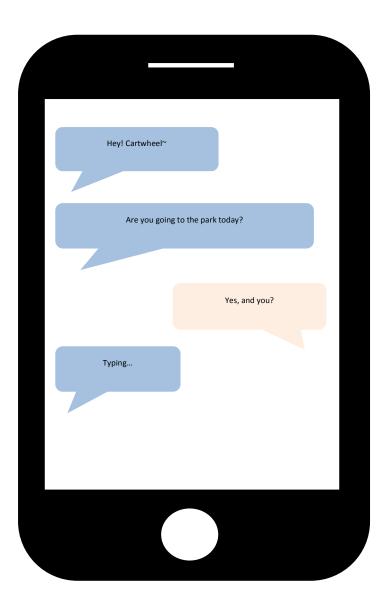
My Dear Friend:
Thank you for ...

Yours,
Cartwheel/Handstand

My Dear Cartwheel/Handstand:
Thank you for ...

Love,
XXX

3. Worksheet 3





1. Poem - Example

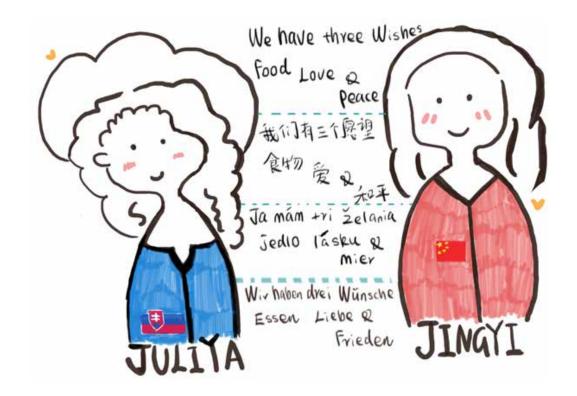
(from the poetry collection of Global Peace Path 2018, page 16-17.) Available online:

https://www.tefl.anglistik.uni-muenchen.de/projects-events/globalpeacepath/chapbook-gpp-zweiseit.pdf

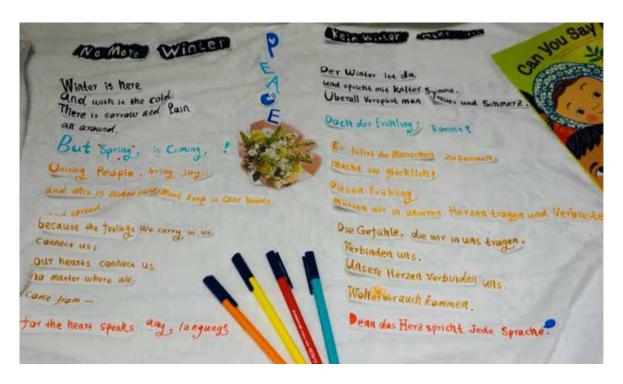




2. Poem – Example by Jingyi Chen from China and Julia Milanova from Slovenia



3. "My Poem Blanket" Sample





4. "My New Blanket" Sample





